

Participants will receive an email within 3 business days with access to their certificate of completion.

To qualify for California CE, you must:



- Use a personal computer (no PDAs) and log in with your own information and unique URL
- Be logged into our online software for at least 50 consecutive minutes within the scheduled time frame of the webinar
- Actively respond to at least 75% of the polling questions
- Complete evaluation survey at the end of the webinar

Based on the California Code of Regulations, Board of Accountancy Requirements Armanino is **not** a NASBA certified provider

About the Presenters



Scott Schimberg, Senior Manager, Armanino McKenna

Scott has more than 20 years of financial executive, operations and consulting experience in public and private companies and has held positions as Controller and Vice President, Finance and Administration.

Scott has recently returned to Consulting after working as the head of finance for a Med Tech company that filed an S-1. While working for TRIABeauty Inc. (TRIA), Scott learned first-hand how to address a company's stock compensation audit readiness by managing the initial audit for the company all the way through filing an S-1.

About the Presenters



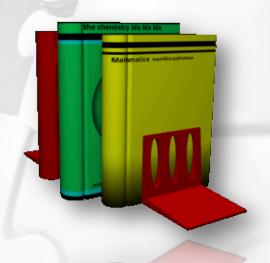
Scott Schwartz, Senior Consultant, Armanino McKenna

Scott has worked in the legal and financial industries, providing financial and consulting services to public and private companies, as well as entrepreneurs.

He has provided extensive equity compensation and valuation services to clients, as well as financial modeling and process re-engineering assistance. Scott has worked with auditors' related to stock-based compensation and other equity transactions. He has also completed various specialized training courses in business valuations, fraud, equity compensation administration, excel, and other continuing professional education.

Learning Objectives

- Clarify what constitutes a modification related to equity awards
- Identify typical types of modifications and accounting treatment
- Apply guidance for administering and accounting for modifications



Presentation Overview

- ASC 718 review
- Modifications
 - Definition
 - Examples
 - Fair value implications
 - Types of modifications
 - Administration
 - Potential tax implications





ASC 718 Review

- Employee/non-employee
- Requisite service period
- Various option pricing models
- Fair value of awards at grant





ASC 718 Review (continued)

- Recognize expense over the requisite service period
 - Less forfeiture estimate
- Income tax impact
- EPS

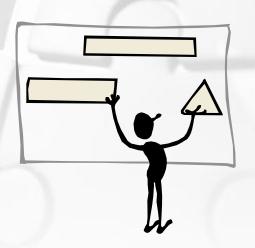




Definition of a Modification



- Change in the terms or conditions of an award
- Treated as an exchange of original award for new award
- Recognize compensation expense depending on modification type



Examples of Modifications



- Obvious:
 - Re-pricing of awards
 - Exchange of awards in a business combination
 - Reclassification of an award
- Commonly Overlooked:
 - Accelerated Vesting
 - Extended time to Exercise
 - Changing award type or performance conditions
 - Reclassification of an award

Fair Value Implications

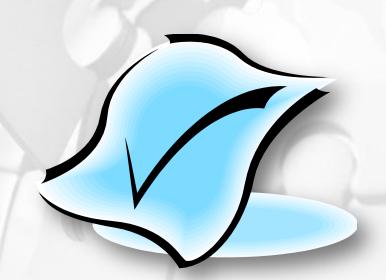
- Always as of the modification date
- Equity awards
 - Probability of vesting
 - Comparing fair value of original and modified award
- Liability Awards
 - Recognize fair value using modified terms





The correct answer for question #2 is...

A. – Extended time to exercise



Types of Modifications

 Analyze each award's probability of vesting before and after modification

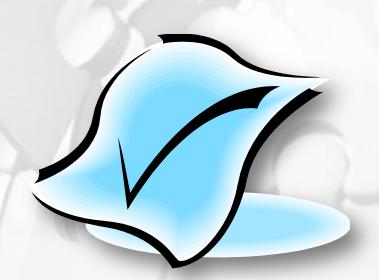
		Type I: Probable to Probable	Type II: Probable to Improbable	Type III: Improbable to Probable	Type IV: Improbable to Improbable
	Expense	Incremental fair value between new award and original	Incremental fair value between new award and original	Fair value of new award only	Fair value of new award only
	Minimum Expense	Grant date fair value (original)	Grant date fair value (original)*	No minimum	No minimum
	Expense	Vested - Immediately		Vested - Immediately	
	Timing	Unvested - over service period	Unvested - over service period when probable	Unvested - over service period	Unvested - over service period when probable

^{*} As long as original target is achieved



The correct answer for question #3 is...

C. - Original grant FV



Example - Modifying Performance Conditions (improbable to probable)



- Unvested option performance conditions changed from improbable to probable
- Grant Date Fair Value: \$0.40
- Fair Value of Modified Award: \$0.30
- Recognize the ratable amount over the service period as of the modification date

Example - Re- pricing example (probable to probable)

- Fully vested option is re-priced
 - All terms stay the same except the price
 - Incremental expense is \$0.21 per share

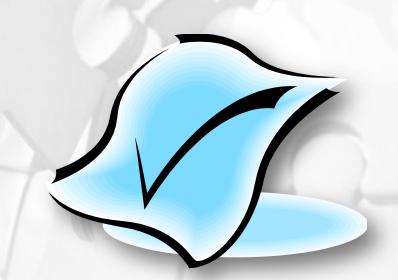
Fair Value Calculation						
Before	After	Variable	Description			
\$1.00	\$1.00	= S	Stock's current price.			
\$2.00	\$1.00	= K	Strike price.			
2.50	2.50	= t	Expected term in years.			
0.29%	0.29%	= r	Risk free rate			
50.0%	50.0%	= v	Volatility of the stock (or peer group)			
\$ 0.11 \$ 0.31 = Value of the option over vesting term						





The correct answer for question #4 is...

A. - Immediately



Administering Modifications

- Obtain input
- Communicate modification choices to participants
- Document:
 - Modification details
 - Accounting treatment calculations w/ supporting detail



Potential Tax Implications

- Deferred compensation under Section 409A
- Subject to limitation under Section 162(m)
- Loss of incentive stock option qualification
- Income Tax Withholdings
- Other tax issues



In Conclusion...

During this webinar, we've covered:

- Refresher on ASC 718
- What constitutes a modification
- How to manage modifications
- Accounting for simpler modifications











What Questions Do You Have?

Submit Your Questions Now!



Participants will receive an email within 3 business days with access to their certificate of completion.



Armanino Operates in an Alternative Practice Structure:

"Armanino" is the brand name under which Armanino LLP, Armanino CPA LLP, and Armanino Advisory LLC, independently owned entities, provide professional services in an alternative practice structure in accordance with law, regulations, and professional standards. Armanino LLP and Armanino CPA LLP are licensed independent CPA firms that provide attest services, and Armanino Advisory LLC and its subsidiary entities provide tax, advisory, and business consulting services. Armanino Advisory LLC and its subsidiary entities are not licensed CPA firms.